OFC.

Q.P. Code: 629600

(3 Hours) [Total Marks : 106.

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|-------|-----|--------------|-----|-------------|
| .B. : | (1) | Question No. | Lis | compulsory. |
| | 121 | A *** | | |

- (2) Attempt any four questions from remaining six questions.
- (3) Assume suitable data wherever necessary, justify the same.
- (4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

| Ans | wer th | e following in brief: | 20 | |
|------------|--|--|----------|--|
| | (a) | State the spectral band designations used in optical fiber communication. | - | |
| | (b) | What do you mean by optical waveguide? How it is different from Electrical waveguide? | | |
| | (c) | What are direct and indirect semiconductors? Which types are suitable to be used as optical sources and detectors. | | |
| | (d) | Discuss the possible sources of noise in optical receivers. | | |
| (a) | Draw refractive index profile of a graded index fiber and show with neat diagram transmission of light through this fiber. Explain how graded index fiber has transmission bit rate much higher than multimode step index fiber. | | | |
| (b) (c) | What What | do you understand by degenerating modes in step index fiber? t is the difference between coherent and non-coherent optical mission? | 5 5 | |
| (a) (b) | List t | ain link power budget what is the significance of rise time budget? he important factors responsible for power loss in optical fiber explain factor in detail. | 10 10 | |
| (a) | Draw vario | and explain structure of APD along with electrical field profile in the us regions. Why it is also called RAPD. | 10 | |
| (b) | г . | | 10 | |
| | Expla | Ý | | |
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TURN OVER

Q.P. Code:

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- 5. (a) Explain with neat sketches fiber splicing technique. Enlist the desirable requirements of a good fiber connector.
 - (b) A multimode graded index fiber exhibits total pulse broadening of $0.1\mu_{Se_{l}}$ used over a distance of 12km. Calcualte:
 - The maximum possible B.W.on the link assuming ISI. (i)
 - Pulse broadening per unit length. (ii)
 - The bandwidth length product of the fibers. (iii)
- 6. (a) What is the basic principle on which optical sources work? Explain in brief operation of LASER.
 - (b) Describe the different types of preamplifiers used in optical receivers.
- 7. Write short notes on any four:
 - WDM in optical fiber communication.
 Bending losses.
 OTDR. (a)
 - (b)
 - (c)
 - Optical Modulators. (d)
 - Double heterojunction LED. (e)